## The Bipartisan History of School Foods

TIMELINE



President Harry S. Truman (D) signs National School Lunch Act into law.

1946

President Lyndon B. Johnson (D) signs Child Nutrition Act into law.

1966

1970

Senators Bob Dole (R-KS), Clifford Case (R-NJ), and Hubert Humphrey (D-MN) introduce bill to remove unhealthy food from schools by regulating competitive foods (food sold outside meals).

1975

President Gerald Ford (R) signs a bill permanently authorizing the National School Breakfast Program.

President Bill Clinton (D) signs Healthy Meals for Americans Act requiring school meals to meet Dietary Guidelines for Americans.

1994

2004

President George W. Bush (R) signs the Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004, establishes local wellness policies that address competitive foods.

2006

USDA, under President George W. Bush (R), contracts with National Academies' Institute of Medicine to develop science-based nutrition updates to school meals.

A bipartisan bill to update nutrition standards for competitive foods, the Child Nutrition Promotion and School Lunch Protection Act, is introduced.

2006

2009

The Institute of Medicine, at the request of President George W. Bush [R], issues recommended science-based nutrition guidelines for school lunches and breakfasts, which are the basis for current school meal standards.

President Barack Obama (D) signs the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act, requiring updates to 2010 competitive foods and supporting continued improvements in school meals. The bill passed with bipartisan and broad stakeholder support, including food and beverage companies.

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